

# Announcements

To join clicker to class today (Clickers with LCD display joins automatically):

- Turn on the Clicker (the red LED comes on).
- Push “Join” button followed by “20” followed by the “Send” button (switches to flashing green LED if successful).

- Even if the weather is nice do not forget to wear appropriate clothing to lab!

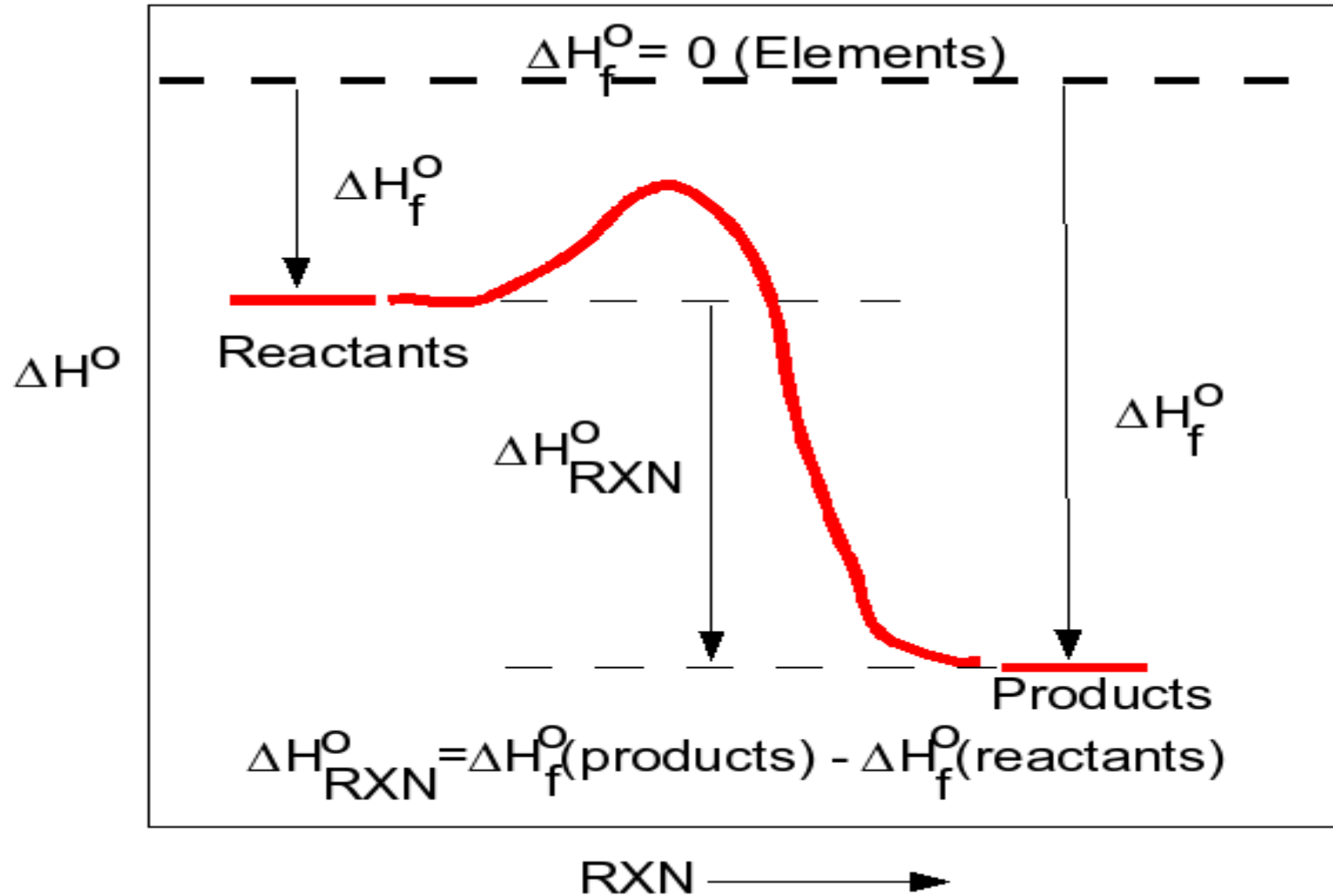
- Next exam (exam III) one week from Today.
- Exam III covers everything since exam II plus the material covered during the class immediately before exam II.

# Review

- Pressure volume work:  $w = -P\Delta V$ . Take care with sign (work done on surroundings or by system is negative, work done on system is positive.)
- Internal Energy  $\Delta E = q + w$  (energy is conserved).
- Enthalpy ( $\Delta H$ ) is easier to keep track of because under constant P conditions  $\Delta H = q$  (or sometimes  $q_p$ , to indicate constant pressure).
- $q = C_p \Delta T$ ,  $C_p$  = constant pressure heat capacity of sample ( $C_p = nc_p$ ,  $c_p$  = molar heat capacity or  $C_p = ms$ ,  $m$  = mass,  $s$  = specific heat).
- Constant pressure/solution Calorimetry
  - Key relationship:  $0 = \Delta H_{\text{RXN}} + C\Delta T \Rightarrow \Delta H_{\text{RXN}} = -C\Delta T$

Chang Table 9.2

# Enthalpy of RXN from Enthalpy of Formation



$$\Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{RXN}} = \sum \Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{f}}(\text{prod}) - \sum \Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{f}}(\text{react})$$

Chang Table 6.4

Substance	$\Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{f}}$ (kJ/mol)
CH <sub>4</sub>	-74.8
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	-84.7
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O	-277.6
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub>	-249.9
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	-1274.4

# Molar $\Delta H_{\text{combustion}}$

Compound	Combustion Eq	$\Delta H$ as written (kJ)	Molar $\Delta H$ (kJ/mol)
$\text{CH}_4$ (Methane)	$\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 2\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-802.3	-802.3
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$ (Ethane)	$2\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3(\text{g}) + 7\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 4\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-2855	-1428
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$ (Ethanol)	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}(\text{l}) + 3\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-1234.8	-1234.8
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}$ (Octane)	$2\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}(\text{l}) + 25\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 16\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 18\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-9356	-4678
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ (glucose)	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6(\text{s}) + 6\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 6\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-2537	-2537
$\text{H}_2$	$2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-483.6	-241.8

# Fuel Values

Compound	Combustion Eq	Molar $\Delta H$ (kJ/mol)	Molar Mass (g)	Fuel Value (kJ/g)
$\text{CH}_4$ (Methane)	$\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 2\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-802.3	16.04	50.02
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$ (Ethane)	$2\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3(\text{g}) + 7\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 4\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-1428	30.07	47.49
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$ (Ethanol)	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}(\text{l}) + 3\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-1234.8	46.07	26.8
$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}$ (Octane)	$2\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}(\text{l}) + 25\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 16\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 18\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-4678	114.23	40.95
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ (glucose)	$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6(\text{s}) + 6\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 6\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-2537	180.16	14.08
$\text{H}_2$	$2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-241.8	2.02	120