

Announcements

To join clicker to class today (Clickers with LCD display joins automatically):

- Turn on the Clicker (the red LED comes on).
- Push “Join” button followed by “20” followed by the “Send” button (switches to flashing green LED if successful).
- Even if the weather is nice do not forget to wear appropriate clothing to lab!
- Next exam 1 week from Thursday.
- Discussion quiz on last week's material.
 - Dissolution
 - Solubility
 - Concentration Units
 - Net Ionic
 - Alkane nomenclature

Review

- Molarity = moles solute/L of solution
- Conversion between M and w/w units requires converting moles solute \rightarrow g solute using molar mass and L or sol'n \rightarrow g sol'n using density of sol'n
- Solubility vocabulary (soluble, insoluble, saturated, unsaturated, supersaturated, miscible, immiscible).
- Alkane nomenclature (special names 1-4 C, Greek prefixes for > 5 C. end in -ane).

Review

- Energy = capacity to do work
 - Standard units = $J = \text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$
 - Energy is conserved.
 - Forms (potential, kinetic, electromagnetic)
- Thermochemistry = study of energy in chemical reactions.
 - System = what we care about (at minimum all reactants and products).
 - If energy comes out (is produced) the process is exothermic and $q < 0$.
 - If energy goes in (is used) the process is endothermic ($q > 0$).

Calorimetry

- Use insulated container to make $q=0$ (no heat exchange with surroundings).
- Key relationship
 - $q=0 = \Delta H_{\text{RXN}} + C\Delta T$, where C = heat capacity of everything in calorimeter.
 - $\Rightarrow \Delta H_{\text{RXN}} = -C\Delta T$
- Research solution calorimeter:

